

## Exemplos de questões da Primeira Fase

Calcule  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

1.  $y = \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{sen}^{\frac{3}{2}} x - \frac{2}{7} \cos^{\frac{7}{2}} x$

2.  $y = \frac{(x+\pi)^3}{x^3+\pi^3} - \frac{e^{\cos x} + \cos(e^x)}{e^{10}}$

3.  $y = \ln \left( \sqrt{\frac{a^2+x^2}{a^2-x^2}} \right)$

4.  $y = \cos(\operatorname{sen}(\tan x)) + 2x e^{x\sqrt{x}}$

5.  $\frac{x^2}{a^2y} + \frac{y^2}{b^2x} = 1$

6.  $y = (x^3 - 2x)^{\ln x}$

7.  $y = \tan^4 \left( 2 + \frac{(7-x)}{\sqrt{3x^2+5}} \right) - e^{\frac{x}{2}} \operatorname{sen}(2x)$

8.  $\sec(xy) + x \tan y = y - 1$

9.  $y = \ln(\cos(x)) + \frac{\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x}$

10.  $y = \operatorname{sen}^3(\cos^2(x\sqrt{e^3x}))$

11.  $y = e^{x \cos(x)} - x^2 \sqrt[3]{\tan^3(x) + \sec(x)}$

12.  $\frac{x^2}{2y} - \frac{y^2}{4y} = 1$

13.  $y = \frac{\ln(x\sqrt{x^4+2})+x^6}{\sec^2(x)+1}$

14.  $y = \operatorname{sen}(\cos^3(\tan \frac{x}{2})) + x^2 e^{x^2\sqrt{x}}$

15.  $y = 2x(1-x^2)^3 + x \ln^3 x + \ln(\ln x^2)$

16.  $\operatorname{sen}(xy) + \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x+1}} = e^{y^2} - 2$

17.  $y = x^{\sqrt{x \ln x}}$

18.  $y = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{x+1} + x^2 \operatorname{sen}(3x) - 2 \tan(\ln(\operatorname{sen} 2x))$

19.  $y = \frac{10}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \sqrt[3]{x}$

20.  $y = \cos \left( x e^{x^2+1} \right)$

$$21. \frac{x^2}{2y} - \frac{y^2}{4x} = 1000$$

$$22. y = \cos^3 \left( \tan \left( \frac{x}{2} \right) \right) + x^2 e^{x\sqrt{x}}$$

$$23. y = x \ln^3 x + \ln (\ln (x^2))$$

$$24. y = x^{\ln x}$$

$$25. y = \ln(x\sqrt{x^4 + 2}) - x\sqrt{x^4 + 2x}$$

$$26. y = \frac{\tan^2 x + x^2}{x^2 - \sin x}$$

$$27. y = x \sec \left( \frac{\cos^2(2x) - (e^x)^\pi}{\sqrt[7]{1-x}} \right)$$

$$28. y = e^{\cos(\sin(\ln(\sec(\tan(\sqrt{x})))))}$$